▶ Problem DM-3.3-12 Show that composition of relation is an associative operation. That is, show that if R, S, and T are binary relation on a set X, then

 $R \circ (S \circ T) = (R \circ S) \circ T$

Proof. Let $(x, w) \in X^2$. We will show that $(x, w) \in R \circ (S \circ T)$ if and only if $(x, w) \in (R \circ S) \circ T$. The proof is as follows:

 $(x,w) \in (R \circ S) \circ T$

- $\Leftrightarrow \text{ there exists an element } y \in X \text{ such that } (x,y) \in T \text{ and } (y,w) \in R \circ S$
- \Leftrightarrow there exist elements $y, z \in X$ such that $(x, y) \in T, (y, z) \in S$, and $(z, w) \in R$
- \Leftrightarrow there exists an element $z \in X$ such that $(x, z) \in S \circ T$ and $(z, w) \in R$
- $\Leftrightarrow (x, z) \in R \circ (S \circ T)$