

► **Problem 10.2-6**

- (a) How many Hamiltonian cycles does  $K_n$  have?
- (b) Find all the Hamiltonian cycles in  $K_n$  for  $n = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$ . In each case, exhibit a maximum number that are edge disjoint.

**Solution.** (a) If  $n = 2$ , there are no cycles, so we consider  $n \geq 3$ . Suppose that the vertices of  $K_n$  are  $1, 2, \dots, n$ . If we begin at vertex 1, there are  $n - 1$  choices for the second vertex in a cycle, then  $n - 2$  choices for the third vertex and so on. Since a Hamiltonian cycle is an undirected cycle, there are  $\frac{1}{2}(n - 1)!$  different Hamiltonian cycles in  $K_n$ .

(d) If  $n = 2$ , there are no Hamiltonian cycles (and therefore no edge disjoint ones).

If  $n = 3$ , then 1231 the only Hamiltonian cycle; so there are no edge disjoint Hamiltonian cycles.

If  $n = 4$ , the Hamiltonian cycles are 12341, 12431 and 13241. No pair are edge disjoint.

If  $n = 5$ , the Hamiltonian cycles are 123451, 123541, 124351, 124531, 125341, 125431, 132451, 132541, 134251, 135241, 142351, 143251. Since  $\frac{n-1}{2} = 2$ , we could possible have two edge disjoint cycles. For example, 123451 and 135241.  $\square$