## ▶ Problem 12.1-20

Let T be a tree with n vertices  $v_1, v_2, \ldots, v_n$ . Prove that the number of leaves in T is  $2 + \sum_{\deg v_i \geqslant 3} [\deg v_i - 2]$ .

**Proof.** Suppose that there are  $k_i$  vertices of degree i. Since  $\sum \deg v_i$  is twice the number of edges in T, we have  $k_1 + 2k_2 + 3k_3 + \cdots = 2(n-1)$ . Since  $k_1 + k_2 + \cdots = n$ ,

$$k_1 + 2k_2 + 3k_3 + \dots = 2(n-1) = 2(k_1 + k_2 + \dots - 1) = 2k_1 + 2k_2 + 2k_3 + \dots - 2.$$

Solving for  $k_1$ , we get

$$k_1 = (3-2)k_3 + (4-2)k_4 + (5-2)k_5 + \dots + 2$$

$$= \sum_{\deg v=3} (3-2) + \sum_{\deg v=4} (4-2) + \sum_{\deg v=5} (5-2) + \dots + 2$$

$$= 2 + \sum_{\deg v_i \geqslant 3} [\deg v_i - 2]$$